428 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Avenue Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

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# Certified Public Accountants



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#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDS INCLUDED IN REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES General Fund

Special Revenue Funds Coal Severance Tax Fund Park Fund Street Fund Employment Security Fund

## **PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES**

Enterprise Funds Water Fund Sewer Fund Stormwater Fund Pool Fund

# CITY OFFICIALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Elected Officials:

Mayor

City Council

Jean Ford

07/01/14 - 06/30/16

ouncil	Marty Seufer Ron Erb	07/01/14 – 06/30/18 07/01/14 – 06/30/18
	Barbara Lewis	07/01/12 - 06/30/16
	Gene Duncan	07/01/12 – 06/30/16

Appointed Officials:

Treasurer / City Clerk

Susan Knopp

428 Second St. Marietta, 0H 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

104 South Sugar St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 30, 2016

City of Williamstown Wood County 100 West Fifth St. Williamstown, WV 26187

To the Members of Council:

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Williamstown**, Wood County, West Virginia (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Williamstown, Wood County, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include the required budgetary comparison schedules and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial section's combining statements present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Williamstown Wood County Independent Auditor's Report Page 5

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Very Alanciates CAAJ A.C.

Perry and Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio* 

# City of Williamstown, West Virginia **STATEMENT OF NET POSITON**

June 30, 2015

		ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES		INESS-TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTALS
ASSETS						
Current: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	819,239	\$	354,558	\$	1,173,797
Receivables, net of allowances: Taxes	Ψ		Ψ	004,000	Ψ	
Accounts		127,640 16,330		- 89,692		127,640 106,022
Restricted assets				134,077		134,077
Total current assets		963,209		578,327		1,541,536
Capital assets:						
Capital assets, nondepreciable		115,000		299,949		414,949
Capital assets, depreciable, net		496,444		4,572,330		5,068,774
Total capital assets		611,444		4,872,279		5,483,723
Total assets		1,574,653		5,450,606		7,025,259
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
Changes in employer proportion and differences						
between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		27,241		22,288		49,529
Employer contributions to pension plan						
subsequent to measurement date Total deferred outflows of resources		48,852 76.093		39,970 62,258		88,822 138,351
		70,000		02,200		100,001
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	1,650,746	\$	5,512,864	\$	7,163,610
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities:						
Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$	15,240	\$	19,415	\$	34,655
Refunds due to customer	Ψ		Ψ	7,286	Ψ	7,286
Accrued payroll liabilities		32,940		12,130		45,070
OPEB liabilty Accrued compensated absences		331,117 13,697		211,698 9,999		542,815 23,696
Customer deposits		-		13,367		13,367
Current portion of long-term debt		24,286		85,195		109,481
Total current liabilities		417,280		359,090		776,370
Long-term liabilities						
(net of current portion):						1 0 5 0 1 0 0
Long Term Debt Net Pension Liability		58,720 92,689		1,297,746 75,837		1,356,466 168,526
·						
Total long-term liabilities		151,409		1,373,583		1,524,992
Total liabilities		568,689		1,732,673		2,301,362
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		98,056		80,229		178,285
Total deferred inflows of resources		98,056		80,229		178,285
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		528,438		3,489,338		4,017,776
Restricted for debt Unrestricted		-		134,077 76,547		134,077
		455,563				532,110
Total net position		984,001		3,699,962		4,683,963
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	\$	1,650,746	\$	5,512,864	\$	7,163,610

# City of Williamstown, West Virginia STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### PROGRAM REVENUES

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERAT GRANTS CONTRIBU	AND	GRAN	PITAL ITS AND IBUTIONS	 RNMENTAL	 NESS-TYPE CTIVITIES	 TOTAL
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities: General government Public safety Streets and transportation Culture and recreation Health and sanitation Social Services Total governmental activities	\$ 200,681 584,561 406,884 108,250 2,000 16,066 1,318,442	\$ - 109,596 70,957 - - - 180,553		- - 7,830 - 7,830	\$	- - 3,300 - - 3,300	\$ (200,681) (474,965) (318,055) (97,120) (2,000) (16,066) (1,108,887)	\$ 	\$ (200,681) (474,965) (318,055) (97,120) (2,000) (16,066) (1,108,887)
Business-type activities: Water Sewer Stormwater Pool Total business-type activities	385,985 516,176 26,388 95,277 1,023,826	358,638 550,384 21,458 52,189 982,669		- - - -			-	 (27,347) 34,208 (4,930) (43,088) (41,157)	 (27,347) 34,208 (4,930) (43,088) (41,157)
Total primary government	\$ 2,342,268	\$ 1,163,222	\$	7,830	\$	3,300	 (1,108,887)	(41,157)	 (1,150,044)
	General revenue Taxes Licenses and pe Discounts and p Fines, fees and Gaming income Video lottery Rents and conc Interest income Miscellaneous	ermits penalties court costs e					 861,290 21,170 - 70,507 14,829 18,803 8,323 838 13,553	- 16,047 - - - 390 3,299	861,290 21,170 16,047 70,507 14,829 18,803 8,323 1,228 16,852
	Total general	revenues					 1,009,313	 19,736	 1,029,049
Change in net position							(99,574)	(21,421)	(120,995)
	Total net posi	tion at beginning of ye	ear (Restated	- See No	te 11)		 1,083,575	 3,721,383	 4,804,958
	Total net posi	tion at end of year					\$ 984,001	\$ 3,699,962	\$ 4,683,963

#### City of Williamstown, West Virginia BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

		,						
	G	ENERAL FUND	SE\	COAL /ERANCE FUND	GOV	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTALS
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowances:	\$	707,981	\$	13,705	\$	97,553	\$	819,239
Taxes		122,258		2,820		2,562		127,640
Accounts		10,323		2,020		6,007		16,330
Accounts		10,525				0,007		10,000
Total assets	\$	840,562	\$	16,525	\$	106,122	\$	963,209
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	11,940	\$	3,300	\$	-	\$	15,240
Accrued payroll liabilities	Ŧ	32,940	Ŧ	-,	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	32,940
OPEB liability		331,117		-		-		331,117
		001,111						001,111
Total liabilities		375,997		3,300		-		379,297
Fund balances								
Committed		-		-		106,122		106,122
Assigned		-		13,225		-		13,225
Unassigned		464,565		-, -		-		464,565
Total fund balances		464,565		13,225		106,122		583,912
		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	840,562	\$	16,525	\$	106,122		
			-					

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not in the funds (net of accumulated depreciation)	611,444
Long term debt is not recognized in governmental funds	(83,006)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the funds	
Employer contributions to pension plan subsequent to to measurement date	48,852
Changes in employer proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	27,241
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	(98,056)
Net pension liability Compensated absences are not included in the	(92,689)
governmental activites	 (13,697)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 984,001

#### City of Williamstown, West Virginia STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	GENERAL FUND		COAL SEVERANCE FUND		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTALS	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	823,099	\$	9,761	\$	28,430	\$	861,290
Intergovernmental:	·	,	•	-, -	•	-,	•	,
State		3,300		-		-		3,300
Donations and contributions		1,500		-		6,330		7,830
Licenses and permits		21,170		-		-		21,170
Charges for services		109,596		-		70,957		180,553
Rent and concessions		8,323		-		-		8,323
Interest income		768		30		40		838
Gaming income		14,829		-		-		14,829
Video lottery		18,803		-		-		18,803
Fines, fees and court costs		70,507		-		-		70,507
Miscellaneous		12,286		-		1,267		13,553
Total revenues	1,	,084,181		9,791		107,024		1,200,996
EXPENDITURES								
General government		212,758		-		-		212,758
Public safety		564,331		3,000		-		567,331
Streets and transportation		247,988		-		141,024		389,012
Culture and recreation		77,334		1,500		23,118		101,952
Health and sanitation		-		2,000		-		2,000
Social Services		-		16,066		-		16,066
Capital Projects		82,185		-		-		82,185
Debt Service:								
Principal		17,571		-		-		17,571
Interest		1,072		-		-		1,072
Total expenditures	1	,203,239		22,566		164,142		1,389,947
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Debt proceeds		82,235		-		-		82,235
Total other financing sources		82,235				-		82,235
Ŭ								<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		(36,823)		(12,775)		(57,118)		(106,716)
Fund balance at beginning of year - (Restated - See Note 11)		501,388		26,000		163,240		690,628
Fund balance at end of year	\$	464,565	\$	13,225	\$	106,122	\$	583,912

# City of Williamstown, West Virginia RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	(106,716)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	82,185 (43,500)	
Amount capital outlays exceed depreciation Increase in compensated absences		38,685 (1,843)
Notes payable provide current financial resources to governmental funds but entering into notes payable increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of notes payable is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position		
Proceeds from debt issuance Repayment of notes payable	(82,235) 17,571	
		(64,664)
Certain pension expenses in the statement of activities are recognized on the accural basis of accounting in accordance		
with GASB 68	_	34,964
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(99,574)

#### City of Williamstown, West Virginia STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2015

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Stormwater Fund	Pool Fund	Totals
ASSETS					
Current: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowances	\$ 156,616 35,601	\$ 170,044 52,004	\$ 21,901 2,087	\$	\$    354,558 89,692
Total current assets	192,217	222,048	23,988	5,997	444,250
Restricted: Municipal bond commission		134,077			134,077
Total restricted assets		134,077			134,077
Capital Assets: Capital assets, nondepreciable Capital assets, depreciable, net	26,400 579,753	212,700 2,945,920	- 11,789	60,849 1,034,868	299,949 4,572,330
Total capital assets	606,153	3,158,620	11,789	1,095,717	4,872,279
Total assets	798,370	3,514,745	35,777	1,101,714	5,450,606
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Changes in employer proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	11,367	10,921	-	-	22,288
Employer contributions to pension plan subsequent to measure date Total deferred outflows or resources	20,385 31,752	19,585 30,506	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>39,970</u> 62,258
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 830,122	\$ 3,545,251	\$ 35,777	\$ 1,101,714	\$ 5,512,864
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Refunds due Accrued compensated absences Customer deposits OPEB liability Notes payable - current Bonds payable - current	\$ 4,392 6,219 7,276 3,698 13,367 108,563 16,214	\$ 11,120 5,911 10 6,301 - 103,135 9,707 59,274	\$ - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 3,903 - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 19,415 12,130 7,286 9,999 13,367 211,698 25,921 59,274
Total current liabilities	159,729	195,458		3,903	359,090
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
Net pension liability Notes payable (net of current) Bonds payable (net of current)	38,677 11,892 -	37,160 823 1,285,031		:	75,837 12,715 1,285,031
Total long-term liabilities	50,569	1,323,014			1,373,583
Total liabilities	210,298	1,518,472		3,903	1,732,673
DEFERRED INFLOWS Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Total deferred inflows of resources	40,917 40,917	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
<b>NET POSITION</b> Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	578,047 - 860	1,803,785 134,077 49,605	11,789 - 23,988	1,095,717 - 2,094	3,489,338 134,077 76,547
Total net position	578,907	1,987,467	35,777	1,097,811	3,699,962
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	\$ 830,122	\$ 3,545,251	\$ 35,777	\$ 1,101,714	\$ 5,512,864

# City of Williamstown, West Virginia STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water Fund			Pool Fund	Total Fund
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 358,638	\$ 550,384	\$ 21,458	\$ 52,189	\$ 982,669
Discounts and penalties	6,539	9,508	-	-	16,047
Miscellaneous revenues	2,250	387	532	130	3,299
Total operating revenues	367,427	560,279	21,990	52,319	1,002,015
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Collection	91,406	80,511	25,639	-	197,556
Pumping	29,799	70,972	-	-	100,771
Treatment and disposal	57,205	79,809	-	-	137,014
Transmission and distribution	12,575	-	-	-	12,575
Customer accounts	17,209	27,293	-	-	44,502
Material and supplies	-	-	-	13,584	13,584
Maintenance	29,488	-	-	2,762	32,250
Pool operations	-	-	-	31,614	31,614
Administrative and general	123,822	83,479	-	17,110	224,411
Depreciation and amortization	24,481	128,105	749	30,207	183,542
Total operating expenses	385,985	470,169	26,388	95,277	977,819
Income (loss) from operations	(18,558)	90,110	(4,398)	(42,958)	24,196
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)					
Interest income	386	4	-	-	390
Interest expense		(46,007)	-		(46,007)
Total other income (expense)	386	(46,003)			(45,617)
Net income (loss)	(18,172)	44,107	(4,398)	(42,958)	(21,421)
Total net position, beginning of year (Restated - See Note 11)	597,079	1,943,360	40,175	1,140,769	3,721,383
Net position, end of year	\$ 578,907	\$ 1,987,467	\$ 35,777	\$ 1,097,811	\$ 3,699,962

#### City of Williamstown, West Virginia **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Water Sewer Stormwater Pool Total Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers 332,902 \$ 559,581 21,433 52,189 966,105 \$ \$ \$ \$ Cash payments for operation and maintenance expenses (335,252) (344,954) (26, 725)(65, 947)(772,878) Other Income Received 2,250 387 532 130 3,299 215,014 (4,760) 196,526 Net cash provided by (used in) operations (100)(13, 628)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income 386 4 390 Additions to utility plant (9,119) (26, 356)(35,475) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (8,733) (26, 352)(35,085) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest Expense (46,007) (46,007) Proceeds from debt 11,398 11,398 Retirement of long term debt (6,718)(89,603) (96,321) . Increase (Decrease) in deposits with West Virginia Bond Commission (4,156) (4,156) Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (128, 368)(135,086) (6,718)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (15, 551)60,294 (4,760) (13, 628)26,355 Cash and Equivalents, Beginning 172,167 109,750 26,661 19,625 328,203 Cash and Equivalents, Ending \$ 156,616 \$ 170,044 \$ 21,901 \$ 5,997 \$ 354,558 **RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME** Operating income (loss) \$ (18,558) \$ 90,110 \$ (4, 398)\$ (42,958) \$ 24,196 Adjustments: 24,481 30,208 Depreciation and amortization expense 183,543 128,105 749 (101, 988)Due to prior period adjustments (45, 927)(147, 915)(Increase) Decrease in: Receivables (25) (4, 395)(311)(4,731)Other accrued rev. & assets Deferred outflows of resources (31,752)(30, 506)(62,258) Increase (Decrease) in: Refunds due 819 821 2 7,477 (1,086) (877) Accounts payable 1,479 6,993 Accrued compensated absences 1,654 (1,919)(265) Accrued payroll 260 (1, 227)(967)Other post employment benefits payable 19,648 48,799 68,447 Deferred inflows of resources 39,312 51,204 11.892 Net pension liability 38,677 37,160 75,837 Customer deposits 1.622 1.622 **Total Adjustments** 18,458 124,904 (362) 29,331 172,331 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (100) 215,014 (4,760) (13,627) 196,527 \$ \$ \$ SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Interest Paid \$ \$ 46,007 \$ \$ \$ 46,007

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Introduction

The City of Williamstown, West Virginia (the City), complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of these Notes. The remainder of the notes provides explanations, including required disclosures, of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The City did not present the Management's Discussion and Analysis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### B. Component Unit / Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and four council members. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria for inclusion or exclusion from the financial reporting entity is outlined in GASB Statement Number 61 and includes oversight responsibility over agencies, boards and commissions by the City's Council. Oversight responsibilities include financial accountability (including selection of the governing authority), fiscal dependence and the ability for the Council to impose its will on the potential component unit. The City had no component units to report as of June 30, 2015.

#### C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* includes, (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### Government Fund Types

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements are recorded only when payment is due.

Within the governmental fund financial statements, property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the government.

The City uses the following governmental funds:

*General Fund*: The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds considered to be major funds consist of the Coal Severance.

*Coal Severance Fund*: Accounts for revenues and expenditures from a severance tax placed on coal that is distributed to West Virginia municipalities.

#### Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are a determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with a proprietary fund's activities are included on its balance sheet. Proprietary fund net position is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for debt service and unrestricted. The City's proprietary funds consist of the following:

*Enterprise Funds*: Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that: (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body had decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City uses the following proprietary (enterprise) funds:

The *Water Fund* is an enterprise fund meeting the classification requirements of a major fund. It is used to account for the economic resource measurement of the City's water operations.

The *Sewer Fund* is an enterprise fund meeting the classification requirements of a major fund. It is used to account for the economic resource measurement of the City's sewer operations.

The *Stormwater Fund* is an enterprise fund the City has elected to report as a major fund. It is used to account for the economic resource measurement of the City's Stormwater operations.

The *Pool Fund* is an enterprise fund the City has elected to report as a major fund. It is used to account for the economic resource measurement of the City's pool operations.

#### E. Budget Policy and Practice

The Mayor submits the annual budget for the General Fund and Coal Severance Tax Fund to the City Council in accordance with the Municipal Charter and State Law. The budgets are prepared on prescribed forms and submitted for approval to the State Tax Commissioner. These budgets are prepared in accordance with the following procedures:

- 1. The governing body of the municipality is required to hold a meeting or meetings between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March to ascertain the financial condition of the municipality and to prepare the levy estimate (budget) for the fiscal year commencing July1st.
- 2. The budget is then submitted to the State Tax Commissioner for approval.
- 3. The governing body then reconvenes on the third Tuesday in April to hear objections from the public and to formally lay the levy.

Revisions are authorized only with the prior written approval of the State Tax Commissioner. The budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements are such approved amounts.

# F. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The General Fund and Coal Severance Tax Fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: personnel services, contractual commodities, capital outlay, and contributions. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. All budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the City Council and approval by the State Tax Commissioner. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without Council approval. Revisions to the budget were made throughout the year and the budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements are such approved amounts.

# G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of the formal budgetary process for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

# H. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# I. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is determined using selected basis. Short-term investments are reported as cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Managed funds related to the retirement systems not listed on an established market are reported at estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of underlying securities. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in the State Investment Pool or the Municipal Bond Commission or to invest such funds in the following classes of securities: Obligations of the United States of any agency thereof; certificates of deposit (which mature in less than one year); general and direct obligations of the State of West Virginia; obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association; indebtedness secured by first lien deed of trusts for properly situated within this State if the payment is substantially insured or guaranteed by the federal government; pooled mortgage trusts (subject to limitations); indebtedness of any private corporation that is properly graded as in the top two or three highest rating grades; interest earning deposits, which are fully insured or collateralized; and mutual funds registered with the S.E.C., which have fund assets over three hundred million dollars.

## I. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

State statute limitation concerning the aforementioned investments include the following: At no time can investment portfolios consist of more than 75 percent of the indebtedness of any private corporation nor can the portfolio have over 25 percent of its portfolio consisting of the indebtedness of a private corporation's debt which matures in less than one year; at no time may more than nine percent of the portfolio be invested in securities issued by a single private corporation or association; and at no time can more than 60 percent of the portfolio be invested in equity mutual funds.

#### J. Restricted Assets

The City's restricted assets in the Sewer Enterprise Fund includes cash totaling \$134,077, which is held in separate accounts with the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission until monies are spent according to the bond covenants.

#### K. Receivables

The City's governmental funds taxes receivable totaled \$127,640. Additionally, the General Fund reported accounts receivable of Police Protection Fees, Ambulance Fees and other miscellaneous receivables of \$10,323 and the Street Fund reported accounts receivable of Street Fees of \$6,007.

Management periodically analyzes delinquent accounts of the Water, Sewer and Stormwater Funds and uses the allowance method for accounting for bad debt. Accounts receivable on the financial statements are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$35,601 for the Water Fund, \$52,004 for the Sewer Fund, and \$2,087 for the Stormwater Fund.

#### L. Inventories

The City considers inventories of materials and supplies utilized in governmental fund types to be immaterial and, therefore, expended at the time of purchase. As a result, they do not appear in the City's financial statements.

#### M. Capital Assets

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on the balance sheets. The reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Land, buildings, and equipment of the proprietary funds are stated on the basis of historical cost. The City capitalizes expenses of \$5,000 and greater with a useful life of two years or more. Assets acquired by gifts or donations are recorded at estimated fair value at the time of acquisition. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, interest is capitalized during the construction phase and included in the fixed assets depreciable basis.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### M. Capital Assets (Continued)

Buildings	25 – 100 years
Improvements	10 – 20 years
Utility Plant	10 – 50 years
Equipment	3 – 20 years

#### N. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those for which employees have a right to receive consideration for expected future absences. In governmental funds, since the primary emphasis is on the flow of financial resources, only the current portion of the liability should be reported in the fund. The amount attributable to proprietary funds is charged to expense with a corresponding liability recorded in the applicable fund.

Full-time, permanent employees are granted benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time, permanent employees up to 90 days. Generally, after one year of service, all qualified employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. No liability is reported for unpaid sick leave. Accrued compensated absences totaled \$13,697 for the governmental funds, \$3,698 for the Water Fund, and \$6,301 for the Sewer Fund at June 30, 2015.

#### O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

#### P. Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- 1. **Nonspendable** This amount cannot be spent either because it is in a nonspendable form or because it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. **Restricted** This amount can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed This amount can be spent only for a specific purpose determined by a formal action of City Council. City Council is the highest level of decision making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by City Council.

#### P. Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

- 4. **Assigned** This amount does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but is intended to be used for a specific purpose. Under the City's adopted policy, only City Council may assign an amount for a specific purpose.
- 5. **Unassigned** This amount includes all other spendable amounts.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

#### Q. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements on the statement of net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. An example of net position restricted for other purposes includes activities for various federal grants and programs. Net position is reported as unrestricted net position. The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. As of June 30, 2015 the City had net position reported as restricted as restricted as required by debt covenants.

#### R. Interfund Transactions

All interfund services provided and used are reported as transfers.

# S. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position may report deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources for 2015.

# T. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of the resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Public Employee Retirement System (PERS), and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### U. Adoption of Accounting Pronouncement

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The objective of these statements is to improve decision-usefulness of information in employer entity financial reports and will enhance its value for assessing accountability and inter-period equity by requiring recognition of the entire net pension liability and a more comprehensive measure of pension expense. Decision-usefulness and accountability will also be enhanced through new note disclosure and required supplementary information.

#### V. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Commission, these revenues are sports dues and subscription revenues, corporate sponsorships, and other miscellaneous revenue.

Operating expenses are those expenses that are expended directly for the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Commission, these expenses are primarily administrative, benefits, maintenance and operations, depreciation, and travel expenses.

#### NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Cash deposits in bank accounts	\$1,173,797
Restricted cash	134,077
Total	<u>\$1,307,874</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the government's deposits may not be returned. The City's deposits at June 30, 2015, were fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateral on deposit in excess of FDIC insurance coverage.

#### NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES

The taxes on real property and the interest and other charges upon such taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the first day of July. There is no lien denominated as such on personal property; however, statutes provide that the sheriff of a county may distrain for delinquent taxes any goods and chattels belonging to a person assessed. All current taxes assessed on real and personal property may be paid in two installments; the first installment is payable on September 1<sup>st</sup> of the year for which the assessment is made, and becomes delinquent on October 1<sup>st</sup>, and the second installment is payable on the first day of the following March and becomes delinquent on April 1<sup>st</sup>. Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both first and second installments, are subject to a discount of two and one-half percent. If taxes are not paid on or before the date on which they become delinquent, including both first and second installments percent per annum is added from the date they become delinquent until paid.

All municipalities within the State are authorized to levy taxes not in excess of the following maximum levies per \$100.00 of assessed valuation: On Class I property, twelve and five-tenths cents (12.5 cents); on Class II property, twenty-five cents (25.0 cents); and on Class IV property, fifty cents (50.0 Cents).

# NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

In addition, municipalities may provide for an election to lay an excess levy, the rates not to exceed fifty percent of such authorized maximum levies, provided that at least sixty percent of the voters cast ballots in favor of the excess levy.

The rates levied by the City of Williamstown, West Virginia, per \$100.00 of assessed valuation for each class of property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Class of	Assessed Valuations	Rates
Property	for Tax Purposes	Levied
Class I	\$	12.50 Cents
Class II	\$ 79,866,140	25.00 Cents
Class IV	\$ 36,673,091	50.00 Cents

#### NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in governmental activities capital assets during the year were as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2014			Ad	ditions	Disposals		Balance 6/30/2015			
Non Depreciable:			-								
Land	\$	115,000		\$	-	\$	-	\$	115,000		
Total Non Depreciable		115,000	_		-		-		115,000		
Depreciable:											
Buildings and Structures		138,065	*		-		-		138,065		
Infrastructure		256,191	*		-		-		256,191		
Vehicles and Equipment		533,448	*		82,185		-		615,633		
Total Depreciable		927,704			82,185		-		1,009,889		
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,042,704	-	\$	82,185	\$	-	\$	1,124,889		
Accumulated Depreciation:											
Buildings and Structures	\$	54,262	*	\$	2,311	\$	-	\$	56,573		
Infrastructure		79,819	*		12,829		-		92,648		
Vehicles and Equipment	335,864 *		*		28,360		-		364,224		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	469,945		_		43,500		-		513,445		
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 572,759			\$ 38,685		\$-		\$	611,444		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

General Government	\$ 2,100
Public safety	17,230
Streets & Transportation	17,872
Culture and recreation	6,298
Total	<u>\$ 43,500</u>

# NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Changes in business-type activities capital assets during the year were as follows:

# Water Fund

	Balance 6/30/2014			A	dditions	Dispos	als	Balance 6/30/2015		
Non Depreciable:			-							
Land	\$	26,400		\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,400	
Total Non Depreciable		26,400	-		-		-		26,400	
Depreciable:										
Buildings and Structures		333,667	*		9,118		-		342,785	
Vehicles and Equipment		1,119,811	*		-		-		1,119,811	
Total Depreciable		1,453,478			9,118		-		1,462,596	
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,479,878		\$	9,118	\$	-	\$	1,488,996	
Accumulated Depreciation:										
Buildings and Structures	\$	260,191	*	\$	3,539	\$	-	\$	263,730	
Vehicles and Equipment		598,171	*		20,942		-		619,113	
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>	858,362			24,48		-			882,843	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 621,516			\$ (15,363)		\$-		\$	606,153	

# Sewer Fund

Balance 6/30/2014			A	dditions	Dispos	sals	Balance 6/30/2015		
		-							
\$	212,700		\$	-	\$	-	\$	212,700	
	8,769	*		5,309		-		14,078	
	221,469	-		5,309		-		226,778	
	3,237,697	*		9,118		-		3,246,815	
	2,125,698	*		11,928		-		2,137,626	
	5,363,395			21,046		-		5,384,441	
\$	5,584,864	-	\$	26,355	\$	-	\$	5,611,219	
\$	1,215,929	*	\$	86,533	\$	-	\$	1,302,462	
	1,108,564	*		41,573		-		1,150,137	
2,324,493			128,10			-		2,452,599	
\$ 3,260,371			\$	(101,751)	(101,751) \$		\$	3,158,620	
	\$	6/30/2014 \$ 212,700 8,769 221,469 3,237,697 2,125,698 5,363,395 \$ 5,584,864 \$ 1,215,929 1,108,564 2,324,493	6/30/2014         \$ 212,700         8,769         221,469         3,237,697         2,125,698         5,363,395         \$ 5,584,864         \$ 1,215,929         1,108,564         2,324,493	6/30/2014       A         \$ 212,700       \$         8,769       *         221,469       *         3,237,697       *         2,125,698       *         5,363,395       \$         \$ 5,584,864       \$         \$ 1,215,929       *         1,108,564       *         2,324,493       *	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	

# NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

#### **Stormwater Fund**

	 alance 30/2014	Ade	ditions	Disposa	als	Balance 6/30/2015		
Non Depreciable:								
Construction in Progress	\$ 4,257	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,257	
Total Non Depreciable	 4,257		-		-		4,257	
Depreciable:								
Buildings and Structures	5,931		-		-		5,931	
Vehicles and Equipment	6,301		-		-		6,301	
Total Depreciable	 12,232		-		-		12,232	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 16,489	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,489	
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Structures	\$ 801	\$	119	\$	-	\$	920	
Vehicles and Equipment	3,150		630		-		3,780	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,951		749		-		4,700	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,538	\$	(749)	\$	-	\$	11,789	

# **Pool Fund**

	Balance 6/30/2014			A	dditions	Disposa	ls	Balance 6/30/2015		
Non Depreciable:			-							
Land	\$ 60,849			\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,849	
Total Non Depreciable		60,849	-		-		-		60,849	
Depreciable:										
Buildings and Structures		1,148,099			-		-		1,148,099	
Infrastructure		18,067			-		-		18,067	
Vehicles and Equipment		48,044	_		-		-		48,044	
Total Depreciable		1,214,210	_		-		-		1,214,210	
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,275,059	-	\$	-	\$		\$	1,275,059	
Accumulated Depreciation:										
Buildings and Structures	\$	114,810	*	\$	22,962	\$	-	\$	137,772	
Infrastructure		9,034			1,807		-		10,840	
Vehicles and Equipment		25,291	*		5,439		-		30,730	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	149,135				30,207		-		179,342	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,125,924			\$	(30,207)	\$-		\$	1,095,717	

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, the City has elected not to report infrastructure assets retroactively.

# NOTE 5. LONG TERM DEBT

Governmental activities long-term debt at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Long-term debt activity for the governmental activities as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Name/ Description	_	3alance (30/2014	Ad	dditions	[	Deletions	_	3alance /30/2015	Due	nounts Within e Year
2014 Dodge Charger (3.25%)	\$	-	\$	26,547	\$	(3,713)	\$	22,834	\$	5,093
2015 Dodge Durango (3.25%)		-		29,141		(2,252)		26,889		5,530
2014 Dodge Charger (3.25%)		-		26,547		(3,296)		23,251		5,079
2014 Ford Taurus (3.25%)		18,342		-		(8,310)		10,032		8,584
Net Pension Liability		193,381		-		(100,692)		92,689		-
Compensated Absences		11,854		1,843		-		13,697		-
Total	\$	223,577	\$	84,078	\$	(118,263)	\$	189,392	\$	24,286

As of June 30, 2015, the maturities of long-term debt for the years ending:

	2	014 Dodg	je Ch	arger	2	014 Dodg	e Dui	rango	2014 Dodge Charger					2014 Ford Taurus			
	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Pr	incipal	In	Interest		incipal	Interest		Principal		Int	terest	
2016	\$	5,093	\$	667	\$	5,530	\$	794	\$	5,079	\$	681	\$	8,584	\$	200	
2017		5,261		499		5,713		611		5247		513		1,448		6	
2018		5,434		326		5,900		424		5419		341		-		-	
2019		5,614		146		6,096		228		5599		161		-		-	
2020		1,432		9		3,650		39		1907		14		-	_	-	
Total	\$	22,834	\$	1,647	\$	26,889	\$	2,096	\$	23,251	\$	1,710	\$	10,032	\$	206	

# NOTE 5. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Business-type activities long-term debt at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

									A	mounts	
	E	Balance						Balance	Du	e Within	
Name/ Description	6	/30/2014	Ad	ditions	C	Deletions	(	6/30/2015	One Year		
2009 The Fields Note (0%)	\$	44,266	\$	-	\$	(22,132)	\$	22,134	\$	11,066	
Sewer 1987A Bonds (9.75%)		10,806		-		(513)		10,293		563	
Sewer 1987A1 Bonds (8.38%)		449,012		-		(20,376)		428,636		22,083	
Sewer 1987B Bonds (0%)		57,863		-		(4,467)		53,396		4,467	
Sewer 2005A Bonds (2%)		146,256		-		(11,156)		135,100		11,381	
Sewer 2009A Bonds (0%)		737,660		-		(20,780)		716,880		20,780	
2014 GMC 3500 Note (3.25%)		22,001		-		(10,058)		11,943		10,296	
Coopers Ridge Note (0%)		-		11,398		(6,839)		4,559		4,559	
Net Pension Liability		158,222		-		(82,385)		75,837		-	
Compensated Absences		10,264		-		(265)		9,999		-	
Total	\$	1,636,350	\$	11,398	\$	(178,971)	\$	1,468,777	\$	85,195	

As of June 30, 2015, the maturities of long-term debt for the years ending:

		1987A	Bonds	;		1987A1 I	ls	1987B Bonds																		
	Pi	rincipal	In	terest	Р	rincipal	I	nterest	Pr	incipal	I	nterest														
2016	\$	563	\$	976	\$	22,083	\$	34,994	\$	4,467	\$	-														
2017		618		918		23,943		33,066		4,467		-														
2018		678		855		25,939		30,977		4,467		-														
2019		744		786		28,113		28,712		4,467		-														
2020		817		710		30,469		26,257		4,467		-														
2021-2025		5,445		2,122		195,200		86,634		22,335		-														
2026-2030		1,428		70	102,889		102,889		102,889		102,889		102,889		102,889		102,889		102,889			8,796		8,726		-
Total	\$	10,293	\$	6,437	\$	428,636	\$	249,437	\$	53,396	\$	-														

#### NOTE 5. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

	2005A Bonds				2009A Bonds				2014GMC 3500			
	Р	rincipal	In	nterest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2016	\$	11,381	\$	2,617	\$	20,780	\$	-	\$	10,296	\$	40
2017		11,610		2,388		20,780		-		1,647		7
2018		11,845		2,154		20,780		-		-		-
2019		12,082		1,915		20,780		-		-		-
2020		12,327		1,672		20,780		-		-		-
2021-2025		65,460		4,529		103,900		-		-		-
2026-2030		10,395		752		103,900		-		-		-
2031-2035		-		-		103,900		-		-		-
2036-2040		-		-		103,900		-		-		-
2041-2045		-		-		103,900		-		-		-
2046-2050		-		-		93,480		-		-		-
Total	\$	135,100	\$	16,027	\$	716,880	\$	-	\$	11,943	\$	47

	Coopers Ridge				The Fields Note				
	Pr	incipal	Interest		Pr	incipal	Interest		
2016	\$	4,559	\$	-	\$	11,066	\$	-	
2017						11,068			
	\$	4,559	\$	-	\$	22,134	\$	-	
				-					

Revenues derived from the respective proprietary funds are pledged for the payment of revenue bond debt service. Bond indentures contain significant requirements for annual debt service and flow of funds through various restricted accounts.

The Sewer Fund has various revenue bonds. For the revenue bonds, the City's bond covenants state that the schedule of rates be sufficient, together with other revenues of the system, to provide for all reasonable expenses of operation, repair and maintenance of the system, and to leave a balance each year equal to at least 110 percent of the maximum amount required in any year for principal and interest.

# NOTE 6. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

City employees participate in the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). This plan is a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system created by the State of West Virginia.

#### NOTE 6. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

All eligible full-time employees must participate. Among those employees not eligible for plan membership are members and retirees of other state retirement systems. Employees may retire with full benefits at age 60 with a minimum of 5 years of credited service or when the member's age plus his/her years of service is equal to or greater than 80 provided that the employee has reached age 55. An individual with 5 or more consecutive years of service who terminates employment prior to retirement can choose to leave contributions with the system and will be eligible for retirement benefits at age 62. Members are entitled to a yearly retirement benefit of 2% of their highest averaged salary over 3 consecutive years out of the last 10 years of earnings multiplied by the years of service. Payments are made monthly to the retiree and the retiree can choose from 3 retirement options.

In accordance with Chapter 5, Article 10 of the West Virginia State Code, employees are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to PERS with the City contributing 14.0%.

Year	mployer tributions	Percentage Contributed				
2015	\$ 88,822	100%				
2014	\$ 88,664	100%				
2013	\$ 72,270	100%				

Further benefit, trend and other information regarding this plan is presented in the PERS annual financial report, which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees' Retirement System, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue SE, Charleston, WV 25304.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At fiscal year-end, the City reported the following liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by the actuarial assumptions and methods described in the appropriate section of this note. The City's proportion of the net pension liabilities was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the City reported the following proportions and increase/decreases from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

	PERS
Amount for proportionate share	
of net pension liability	\$ 168,526
Percentage for proportionate	
share of net pension liability	0.045663%
Increase/(decrease) % from	
prior proportion measured	0.00709%

# NOTE 6. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized the following pension expenses:

PERS
Pension Expense
\$ 34,343

The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deterred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		
	Resources		Resources		
Changes of assumption					
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	178,277	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share					
of contributions		49,529		-	
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		88,822			
Totals	\$	138,351	\$	178,277	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from government contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended Ju	ne 30:	
	2016	\$ (29,423)
	2017	(29,423)
	2018	(29,423)
	2019	 (40,479)
Total		\$ (128,748)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation:	2.2 percent
Salary increases:	4.25-6.0 percent, including inflation
	7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, Including inflation

# NOTE 6. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates for non-disabled participants were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for males and the 1971 Group annuity Table for females, as appropriate. Mortality rates for disabled participants were based on the 1983 Group annuity Mortality Table for Males and Revenue Ruling 96-7 for Females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Rates summarized in the following table include the inflation component and were used for the following defined benefit plan:

	Long-term Expected	PERS Target Asset
Investment	Real Rate of Return	Allocation
US Equity (Russell 3000)	7.6%	27.5%
International Equity (ACWI ex US)	8.5%	27.5%
Fixed Income	2.9%	15.0%
High Yield	4.8%	0.0%
TPS	2.9%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.8%	10.0%
Private Equity	9.9%	10.0%
Hedge Funds	5.0%	10.0%
Inflation (CPI)	2.2%	0.0%
		100.0%

# **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policies. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following chart presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate as used in the actuarial evaluation, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

# NOTE 6. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

# **Discount Rate (Continued)**

	 1% Decrease 6.50%		ent Discount ate 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%	
Proportionate Share of PERS's					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 476,198	\$	168,526	\$	(93,638)

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report available at the consolidated Public Retirement Board's website at <u>www.wvretirment.com</u>. That information can also be obtained by writing to the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue SE, Charleston, WV 25304.

#### NOTE 7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

The City of Williamstown, West Virginia, contributes to the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefits Trust Fund (RHBT), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance agency (PEIA). RHBT provides medical benefits to eligible retired employees of participating employers. Eligibility is primarily established through participation in certain defined benefit plans. RHBT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to: West Virginia Retiree Health Benefits Trust, Building 5, Room 1001, 1900 Kanawha Boulevard East, Charleston, West Virginia.

# **Corporation Establishing the Plan and Funding Policy**

Chapter 5, Article 16D, of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend benefits and provisions to the RHBT. Plan members are currently required to contribute monthly per active health policy. Participating employers are contractually required to contribute at a rate assessed each year by RHBT. The RHBT Board sets the employers' contribution rate based on the annual required contributions of the plan (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed 30 years. Reported trend information percentage contributions include monies deposited into this restricted account.

# Trend Information

	Annual OPEB	Percentage
Fiscal Year	Cost	Contributed
2015	\$25,200	0%
2014	\$12,032	0%
2013	\$11,613	0%

# NOTE 8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liabilities for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits are not believed to be material.

#### NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries umbrella (general liability) insurance.

The City provides insurance coverage to employees for job-related injuries through Brickstreet Mutual Insurance Company.

The City offers health insurance to all eligible employees through the West Virginia Public Employee Insurance Agency (PEIA).

Liabilities are reported when it is probable a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

#### NOTE 10. SALES TAX IMPLEMENTED

The City of Williamstown, beginning in fiscal year 2013 implemented a 1.0 percent sales tax on all goods bought within city limits. The tax is collected by the State of West Virginia and distributed back to the City of Williamstown in full less an operations charge.

# NOTE 11. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT AND CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

In prior years the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability had been allocated General Fund 72%, Water 17%, and Sewer 11%. The allocation did not follow the actual departments the salary was paid from. The correct allocation should have been General Fund 61%, Water 20%, and Sewer 19%.

For the fiscal year 2015, the City has implemented the following:

GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions: an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

# NOTE 11. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT AND CORRECTION OF AN ERROR (Continued)

The implementation of this statement and correction of an error noted above had the following impact on the 2015 beginning net pension of the City:

	Governmental Activities			Business Activities		Water Fund		Sewer
								Fund
Net Position, as Previously Stated	\$	1,174,572	\$	3,898,325	\$	672,032	\$	2,045,349
Deferred Outflow of Resources-Employer								
Contributions Made Subsequent to the								
Measurement Date		48,765		39,899		20,349		19,550
Changes in OPEB Allocation	58,619			(58,619)		(14,608)		(44,011)
Net Pension Liability at June 30, 2014		(198,381)	_	(158,222)		(80,694)	_	(77,528)
Net Position at June 30, 2014 as restated	\$	1,083,575	\$	3,721,383	\$	597,079	\$	1,943,360
		Gene	eral					
		Fur	nd					
Net Position, as Previously Stated Add:		\$ 4	142,76	39				
Changes in OPEB Allocation			58,61	19				
Net Position at June 30, 2014 as restated		\$ 5	501,38	38				
### City of Williamstown, West Virginia STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL, STREET, PARK AND EMPLOYEMENT SECURITY FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Demonstra	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:	¢ 700 E11	¢ 700 E11	¢ 051 500	¢ 52.049	
Taxes	\$ 798,511	\$ 798,511	\$ 851,529	\$ 53,018	
Intergovernmental: Federal	_	_	_	-	
State	-	3,300	3,300	-	
Donations and Contributions	-	3,300	7,830	7,830	
Licenses and permits	12,000	12,000	21,170	9,170	
Charges for service	159,333	159,333	180,553	21,220	
Rents and concessions	26,000	8,323	8,323	21,220	
Interest Income	150	150	808	658	
Gaming Income	16,000	16,000	14,829	(1,171)	
Video Lottery	19,000	19,000	18,803	(1,177)	
Fines, fees, and court costs	59,800	63,105	70,507	7,402	
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	13,553	10,553	
Total revenues	1,093,794	1,082,722	1,191,205	108,483	
	.,,	-,,	.,	,	
Expenditures:					
General government	203,053	153,724	212,758	(59,034)	
Public Safety	586,484	613,810	564,331	49,479	
Streets and transportation	342,760	480,545	389,012	91,533	
Culture and recreation	111,426	119,158	100,452	18,706	
Capital Projects	-	201,449	82,185	119,264	
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	1,072	(1,072)	
Interest		-	17,571	(17,571)	
Total Expenditures	1,243,723	1,568,686	1,367,381	201,305	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(149,929)	(485,964)	(176,176)	309,788	
Other Financing Sources					
Other Financing Sources Debt Proceeds			82 225	92 225	
	<u>-</u>		82,235	82,235	
Total other financing services	-	-	82,235	82,235	
Net change in fund balance	(149,929)	(485,964)	(93,941)	392,023	
Fund balances at beginning of year					
(Restated note 11)	149,929	485,964	664,628	178,664	
Fund balances at end of year	\$-	\$-	\$ 570,687	\$ 570,687	

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# City of Williamstown, West Virginia STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL, STREET, PARK AND EMPLOYEMENT SECURITY FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

# City of Williamstown, West Virginia STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -

COAL SEVERANCE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	riginal Budget	Revised Budget	Actual udgetary Basis	Fa	ariance avorable avorable)
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 11,200	\$ 11,200	\$ 9,761	\$	(1,439)
Interest Income	 20	20	 30		10
Total revenues	11,220	11,220	9,791		(1,429)
Expenditures:					
General Government	7,200	7,200	-		7,200
Public Safety	3,000	3,000	3,000		-
Streets and transportation	-	-	-		-
Health and sanitation	9,300	9,300	2,000		7,300
Culture and recreation	1,500	1,500	1,500		-
Social services	10,220	16,220	16,066		154
Total expenditures	31,220	37,220	22,566		14,654
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (20,000)	 (26,000)	 (12,775)		13,225
Fund balances at beginning of year	 20,000	 26,000	 26,000		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,225	\$	13,225

### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

## Public Employees Retirement System

Commission's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (percentage)		2014	2013 0.038569%		
		0.045663%			
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	168,526	\$	351,603	
Commission's covered-employee payroll	\$	611,476	\$	498,414	
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		27.56%		70.54%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.98%		79.70%	

City of Williamstown, West Virginia

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

## Public Employees Retirement System

Contractually required contribution	\$ <b>2015</b> 88,822	\$ <b>2014</b> 88,664	\$ <b>2013</b> 72,270	\$ <b>2012</b> 79,643
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	 (88,822)	 (88,664)	 (72,270)	 (79,643)
Contribution deficit (surplus)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Commission's covered-employee payroll	\$ 634,443	\$ 611,476	\$ 498,414	\$ 549,262
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	14.50%	14.50%	14.50%

Information prior to 2012 is not available

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## City Of Williamstown, West Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Street Fund		Park Fund		Employment Security		Total
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable	\$ 61,301 - 6,007	\$	24,179 2,562 -	\$	12,073 - -	\$	97,553 2,562 6,007
Total Assets	 67,308		26,741		12,073		- 106,122
FUND BALANCES: Committed	 67,308		26,741		12,073		106,122
Total Fund Balances	\$ 67,308	\$	26,741	\$	12,073	\$	106,122

### City of Williamstown, West Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Street Park Fund Fund			Employment Security		Total		
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	28,430	\$	-	\$	28,430
Charges for services		70,957		-		-		70,957
Donations		-		6,330		-		6,330
Interest		20		5		15		40
Miscellaneous		-		1,267		-		1,267
Total Revenues		70,977		36,032		15		107,024
EXPENDITURES:								
Streets and transportation		141,024		-		-		141,024
Culture and recreation		-		23,118		-		23,118
Total expenditures		141,024		23,118		-		164,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(70,047)		12,914		15		(57,118)
Fund balances at beginning of year		137,355		13,827		12,058		163,240
Fund balances at end of year	\$	67,308	\$	26,741	\$	12,073	\$	106,122

428 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

104 South Sugar St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

September 30, 2016

City of Williamstown Wood County 100 West Fifth St. Williamstown, WV 26187

To the Members of Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Williamstown**, Wood County, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2016, wherein we noted the Board adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



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City of Williamstown Wood County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated September 30, 2016.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kerry & amounter CAA'S A. C.

**Perry and Associates** Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio* 

#### City of Williamstown, West Virginia Schedule of Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2015-001

#### **Controls over Financial Statement Preparation**

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit of the City of Williamstown that employees or management did not adequately review the financial statements in order to prevent, detect and correct material misstatements in the financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### CRITERIA:

Paragraph 6 of AU-C 250, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, states in part:

"For purposes of generally accepted auditing standards, the following terms have the meanings attributed as follows:

**Deficiency in internal control.** A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A deficiency in design exists when (a) a control necessary to meet the control objective is missing, or (b) an existing control is not properly designed so that, even if the control operates as designed, the control objective would not be met. A deficiency in operation exists when a properly designed control does not operate as designed or when the person performing the control does not possess the necessary authority or competence to perform the control effectively.

*Material weakness.* A deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

*Significant deficiency.* A deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. "

Furthermore, paragraph .A11 states;

" Indicators of material weaknesses in internal control include

- identification of fraud, whether or not material, on the part of senior management;
- restatement of previously issued financial statements to reflect the correction of a material misstatement due to fraud or error;
- identification by the auditor of a material misstatement of the financial statements under audit in circumstances that indicate that the misstatement would not have been detected by the entity's internal control; and
- ineffective oversight of the entity's financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance."

#### City of Williamstown, West Virginia Schedule of Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### FINDING NUMBER 2015-001 (Continued)

#### **Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation (Continued)**

#### CONTEXT:

We noted the following in relation to the financial statements presented for audit:

- 1. The City does not maintain a trial balance for its government-wide financial statements. Its accounting system maintains balances on a fund basis and the Clerk performs closing entries at year end, but no formal trial balance is completed;
- 2. The Street, Parks and Employment Security Funds, which meet the definition of a special revenue fund because the City has committed those funds to a specific purpose, had fund balance displayed as assigned rather than committed;
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds did not include the new debt proceeds for the year and recorded principal and interest payments on debt as capital outlay;
- 4. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds recorded interest expense on vehicle notes as principal reduction;
- 5. Errors in GASB 68 calculations were made which caused material adjustments to the City's financial statements;
- The City changed the allocation percentages when compared to prior years for the Other Post-Employment Benefits liability. The change was made retrospectively and instead of doing a prior period adjustment to restate the Other Post Employment Benefit Liability adjustment was made to current year expenditures for prior year amounts;
- 7. Amounts presented in the Entity Wide Statements of Net Position for short and long term debt did not match the amounts confirmed with debtor agencies, was not properly allocated between current and long term and did not match the amounts presented in the notes to the financial statements.
- 8. The Statement of Cash Flows was not presented in proper format and the amounts included on the statement were from the City's WV Public Service Commission Reports and not the financial statements presented for audit;
- 9. There were required notes to the financial statements which were not included;
- 10. Per GASB 34 the basic financial statements should be preceded by Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which is required supplementary information (RSI). MD&A should provide an objective and easily readable analysis of the government's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. The financial managers of governments are knowledgeable about the transactions, events, and conditions that are reflected in the government's financial report and of the fiscal policies that govern its operations. MD&A provides financial managers with the opportunity to present both a short- and a long-term analysis of the government's activities. The City does not include MD&A in the financial statements.

#### CAUSE:

Inadequate policies and procedures related to controls necessary to minimize the risk of a material misstatement of financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, the financial statements have not been prepared on a timely basis, which is necessary to give management enough time to thoroughly review the statements prior to audit.

#### EFFECT:

A significant potential exists for misstatements to occur in the financial statements without being detected by employees or management in a timely manner. Material audit adjustments were necessary to properly reflect the activity of City. All adjustments have been recorded and reflected in the financial statements.

#### City of Williamstown, West Virginia Schedule of Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINDING NUMBER 2015-001 (Continued)

#### **Controls over Financial Statement Preparation (Continued)**

**RECOMMENDATION:** 

The City of Williamstown should develop policies and procedures to ensure financial information is accurately reflected in the accounting system (including correcting misstatements as they are noted). All financial statements, whether prepared by the City or an outside firm, should be thoroughly reviewed to ensure completeness, accuracy and consistency of information.

#### AUDITED AGENCY'S RESPONSE:

We have not received a response from Officials to this finding.

# City of Williamstown, West Virginia

## SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2014-001	Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation	No	Reissued as Finding 2015-001